Citizens Advisory Committee of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan, City and County of San Francisco

Notice of Meeting & Agenda

1650 Mission Street, 4th Floor, Room 431 Monday, February 13, 2017

6:00 PM

Walker Bass Chirag Bhakta Joe Boss Don Bragg Marcia Contreras John Elberling Keith Goldstein Oscar Grande Bruce Kin Huie Henry Karnilowitz Toby Levy Robert Lopez Fernando Martí Dan Murphy Kristian Ongoco Abbie Wertheim

The Agenda is available at the Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, 4th floor and, on our website at encac.sfplanning.org, and at the meeting.

- 1. Announcements and Review of Agenda.
- 2. Review and Approve Minutes from the November 29, 2016 CAC Meeting.
- 3. <u>Review and Approve Minutes from the January 9, 2017 CAC Meeting.</u>
- 4. <u>Mission Action Plan 2020.</u> Presentation by staff on the Mission Action Plan ("MAP") 2020 Report, followed by comment, and potential action.
- 5. <u>Five-Year Monitoring Report Next Steps.</u> As a standing agenda item, review of the CAC's response to the 2011-2015 Eastern Neighborhoods Five-Year Monitoring Report and discussion of what next steps the CAC would like to take in addressing issues raised in the response, followed by potential action.

6. <u>Public Comment:</u> At this time, members of the public may address the Citizens Advisory Committee on items of interest to the public that are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Committee but do not appear on the agenda. With respect to agenda items, the public will be given an opportunity to address the Committee when the item is reached in the meeting. Each member of the public may address the Committee for up to three minutes.

The Brown Act forbids a Committee from taking action or discussing any item not appearing on the posted agenda, including those items raised at Public Comment. In response to public comment on an item that is not on the agenda, the Committee is limited to:

- Briefly responding to statements made or questions posed by members of the public, or
- Requesting staff to report back on the matter at a subsequent meeting, or
- Directing staff to place the item on a future agenda. (Government Code Section 54954.2(a).)

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Accessible Meeting Policy

Hearings are held at the Planning Department, 1650 Mission St., Room 431, fourth floor, San Francisco, CA. The closest accessible BART station is the Van Ness Avenue station located at the intersection of Market Street and Van Ness Avenue. Accessible curbside parking has been designated at points along Mission Street. Accessible MUNI lines serving the Planning Department are the 14 Mission, 26 Valencia, 47 Van Ness, 49 Van Ness/Mission, and the F Line. Accessible MUNI Metro lines are the J, K, L, M, and N. For more information regarding MUNI accessible services, call (415) 923-6142.

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Language Assistance: To request an interpreter, please contact the Candace SooHoo, at (415) 575-9157, or candace.soohoo@sfgov.org at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting.

SPANISH

Si desea asistir a la audiencia, y quisiera obtener información en Español o solicitar un aparato para asistencia auditiva, llame al (415) 575-9010. Por favor llame por lo menos 72 horas de anticipación a la audiencia.

CHINESE

聽會上如需要語識成要求轉指號 靜煩(415)575-9010。請知聽會舉行之前,至少72個小時壯要求。

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Para sa tulong sa lengguwahe o para humiling ng Pantulong na Kagamitan para sa Pagdinig (headset), mangyari lamang na tumawag sa (415) 575-9121. Mangyaring tumawag nang maaga (kung maaari ay 72 oras) bago sa araw ng Pagdinig.

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За помощью переводчика или за вспомогательным слуховым устройством на время слушаний обращайтесь по номеру (415) 575-9121. Запросы должны делаться минимум за 72 часов до начала слушания.

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Government's duty is to serve the public, reaching its decisions in full view of the public. Commissions, boards, councils and other agencies of the City and County exist to conduct the people's business. This ordinance assures that deliberations are conducted before the people and that City operations are open to the people's review.

For more information on your rights under the Sunshine Ordinance (Chapter 67 of the San Francisco Administrative Code) or to report a violation of the ordinance, contact Richard Knee, Chair of the Sunshine Ordinance Task Force, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 409, by phone at (415) 554-7724, by fax at (415) 554-7854 or by E-mail at <u>sotf@sfgov.org</u>.

Copies of the Sunshine Ordinance can be obtained from the Clerk of the Sunshine Task Force, the San Francisco Library and on the City's website at www.sfgov.org/bdsupvrs/sunshine.

PUBLIC COMMENT

At this time, members of the public may address the Committee on items of interest to the public that are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Committee except agenda items. With respect to agenda items, your opportunity to address the Committee will be afforded when the item is reached in the meeting with one exception. When the agenda item has already been reviewed in a public hearing at which members of the public were allowed to testify and the Committee has closed the public hearing, your opportunity to address the Committee must be exercised during the Public Comment portion of the Calendar. Each member of the public may address the Committee for up to three minutes.

The Brown Act forbids a committee from taking action or discussing any item not appearing on the posted agenda, including those items raised at public comment. In response to public comment, the committee is limited to:

- 1. responding to statements made or questions posed by members of the public; or
- 2. requesting staff to report back on a matter at a subsequent meeting; or
- 3. directing staff to place the item on a future agenda. (Government Code Section 54954.2(a))
- 4. submitting written public comment to Mat Snyder, 1650 Mission Street Ste. 400, San Francisco, CA 94103 <u>mathew.snyder@sfgov.org</u>

Citizens Advisory Committee of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan, City and County of San Francisco

DRAFT Meeting Minutes Monday, January 9, 2017

6:00 PM

Members Present: Walker Bass, Chirag Bhakta, Joe Boss, Don Bragg, John Elberling, Bruce Kin Huie, Keith Goldstein, Dan Murphy

Members Absent: Marcia Contreras, Henry Karnilowitz, Robert Lopez, Toby Levy, Fernando Marti, Kristian Ongoco, Abbie Wertheim

[Quorum not met]

Staff Present: Mat Snyder, Planning

- 1. Announcements and Review of Agenda.
- 2. Review and Approve Minutes from the November 29, 2016 CAC Meeting.

No quorum. No action.

 <u>CAC Response to Five Year Monitoring Report – Next Steps</u>. Review of the CAC's response to the 2011-2015 Eastern Neighborhoods Five-Year Monitoring Report and discussion of what next steps the CAC would like to take in addressing issues raised in the response, followed by potential action.

(Meeting Recording: 0:0)

Item Heard. No Action taken.

4. <u>EN CAC 2017 Work Program.</u> Presentation by staff of issues and projects to follow in the Eastern Neighborhoods over the next year, and discussion by the CAC on how to structure meeting discussions and actions, followed by potential action.

(Meeting Recording: 1:25)

Item Heard. No Action taken.

5. <u>Public Comment.</u> <u>Meeting Adjourn.</u> Citizens Advisory Committee of the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan, City and County of San Francisco

DRAFT Meeting Minutes Tuesday, November 29, 2016

6:00 PM

Members Present: Walker Bass, Chirag Bhakta, Joe Boss, Don Bragg, Marcia Contreras, John Elberling, Bruce Kin Huie, Keith Goldstein, Henry Karnilowitz, Toby Levy, Fernando Marti, Dan Murphy, Kristian Ongoco, Abbie Wertheim

Members Absent: Robert Lopez

Staff Present: Mat Snyder, Planning; Stacy Bradley, Recreation and Parks Department; Mike Rieger, SFMTA

- 1. Announcements and Review of Agenda.
- 2. Review and Approve Minutes from the September 19, 2016 CAC Meeting.

MOTION NO.	2016-11-01
ACTION:	To approve minutes from September 19, 2016
MOTION:	Murphy SECOND: Bhakta
AYES:	Bass, Bhakta, Boss, Bragg, Contreras, Elberling, Huie, Goldstein, Levy, Karnilowitz, Marti, Murphy, Ongoco, Wertheim
NOES:	[none]
ABSTAIN:	[none]
ABSENT:	Lopez

3. <u>Eastern Neighborhoods Final Expenditure Plan and Mini-Capital Plan</u>. Presentation by staff on the final proposed expenditure plan for fiscal years 2018 through 2027 (FY18 – FY27) and Mini-Capital Plan, followed by discussion, and action.

(Meeting Recording: 0:0)

MOTION NO.	2016-11-02		
ACTION:	To endorse the CAC IPIC for FY18 through FY 27		
MOTION:	Expenditure Plan as presented by staff. Levy SECOND: Murphy		
AYES:	Bhakta, Boss, Bragg, Contreras, Elberling, Huie,		
	Goldstein, Levy, Karnilowitz, Marti, Murphy, Ongoco,		
	Wertheim		
NOES:	Bass		
ABSTAIN:	[none]		
ABSENT:	Lopez		

 <u>The Election of Officers.</u> Annual election of CAC officers, including Chair, Vice-Chair, Secretary, Vice-Secretary, and/or other positions as identified by the CAC bylaws. Nomination of candidates will be followed by discussion and action. Meeting Recording: (33:00)

MOTION NO. NOMINATION FROM: ACTION: AYES: NOES: ABSTAIN: ABSENT:	2016-11-03 Karnilowitz To elect Bruce Huie as CAC Chairperson. Bass, Bhakta, Boss, Bragg, Contreras, Elberling, Huie, Goldstein, Levy, Karnilowitz, Marti, Murphy, Ongoco, Wertheim [none] [none] Lopez
MOTION NO. NOMINATION FROM: ACTION: AYES:	2016-11-04 Goldstein To elect Keith Goldstein as Vice-Chairperson. Bass, Bhakta, Boss, Bragg, Contreras, Elberling, Huie, Goldstein, Levy, Karnilowitz, Marti, Murphy, Ongoco, Wertheim
NOES: ABSTAIN: ABSENT:	[none] [none] Lopez
MOTION NO. NOMINATION FROM: ACTION: AYES:	2016-11-05 Marti To elect Chirag Bhakta as Secretary. Block, Bass, Bhakta, Boss, Bragg, Contreras, Elberling, Huie, Goldstein, Levy, Karnilowitz, Marti, Murphy, Ongoco, Wertheim
NOES:	[none]

ABSTAIN: [none] ABSENT: Lopez

General Discussion regarding open CAC seats, and upcoming meetings. (Meeting Recording: 44:00)

5. Public Comment

Meeting Adjourn.

Mission Action Plan 2020

February 13. 2017













City & Community Partnership

The goal of the Mission Action Plan (MAP) 2020 is to retain & attract low- and moderate-income residents, community-serving small businesses, arts (including PDR) and nonprofits to strengthen and preserve the socioeconomic diversity of the Mission neighborhood.

MAP2020 Objectives

Protect tenants and preserve existing rent- controlled housing and SROs.	Maintain the socio- economic diversity of the neighborhood.	Increase job opportunities and career paths for the community.
Stem the loss of community businesses, cultural resources and social services.	Retain and promote Production, Distribution and Repair (PDR) and other high-paying jobs.	Build more 100 percent affordable units.

MAP2020 Updates



Draft MAP2020 Report:

- Public comment closes on Sunday, February 19 – 6 pm
- Revised version Thursday, February 23
- Planning Commission tentative endorsement – March 2

MAP2020 – March 2 hearing



1. Endorse MAP2020

- 2. Extend Mission Interim Controls by 9 months
 - CU or Large Project Authorization for certain projects
 - That remove rent-controlled units
 - Are larger than 25 units or 25,000 gross square feet
 - Exceptions:
 - Affordable housing
 - Projects proposing PDR
- 3. Related PDR-protection legislation introduced by the Board
 - Removes gyms, massage from PDR
 - Removes Transit Oriented SUD from 16th Street
 - Height corrections in UMU to accommodate PDR

Solution Categories in the Plan



- Tenant Protections
- Housing Preservation
- Housing Production
- SROs
- Homelessness (new topic)
- Economic Development
 - Arts
 - Small businesses, incl. PDR
 - Nonprofits
- Community Planning
- Funding

Next Steps – through end of 2016



- Implement urgent, short-term tenant and business protection programs
- Continue site acquisition (Prop A/Bond \$)
- Endorse the Plan and present to the Board
- Adopt short-term legislation by end of year.
- Begin work on med and long-term legislation

Ongoing through 2020:

 Continue community-city dialogue through quarterly meetings and yearly progress on targets and Plan

Key Takeaways



- Clear data critical to define problem & story (why)
- Short-term urgency vs. long-term policy
- Focusing on process/trust-building as much as deliverables
- Acknowledging inequities/trauma/history (it's not "natural" change) & need for healing conversations
- Honest dialogue about trade-offs
- Collaboration vs. city as the expert
- Participation of leadership is critical
- An inter-agency group that's representative of the community matters
- Applicability/replicability of this work elsewhere

September 20, 2016

San Francisco Planning Department 1650 Mission Street San Francisco, CA 94103

Subject: Eastern Neighborhoods Citizen Advisory Committee (EN CAC) Response to the EN Monitoring Reports (2011-2015)

Dear President Fong and Members of the Planning Commission:

At your September 22, 2016 Regular Meeting, you will hear a presentation on the Eastern Neighborhoods Five Year Monitoring Report (2011 – 2015). Attached, please find the statement prepared by the Eastern Neighborhoods Citizen Advisory Committee (EN CAC) in response to this report.

As you know, we are a 19 member body created along with the Eastern Neighborhoods Plans in 2009. We are appointed by both the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors and are made up of wide range of residents, business and property owners, developers, and activists. Our charge is to provide input on many aspects of the EN Plans' implementation including but not limited to: (1) how to program funds raised through impact fees, (2) proposed changes in land use policy, and (3) the scope and content of the Monitoring Report.

We have been working closely with staff over the course of the last year to assure the Monitoring Report is accurate and contains all of the material and analysis required by the Planning and Administrative Codes. At our regular monthly meeting in August, we voted to endorse the Monitoring Report that is now before you. We understand that while the Monitoring Report is to provide data, analysis, and observations about development in the EN, it is not intended to provide conclusive statements about its success. Because of this, we have chosen to provide you with the attached statement regarding the where we believe the EN Plan has been successful, where it has not, and what the next steps should be in improving the intended Plans' goals and objectives.

Several of our members will be at your September 22 hearing to provide you with our prospective. We look forward to having a dialog with you on what we believe are the next steps.

Please feel free to reach out to me, Bruce Huie, the CAC Vice-Chair or any of our members with questions or thoughts through Mat Snyder, CAC staff. (<u>mathew.snyder@sfgov.org</u>; 415-575-6891)

Sincerely,

, Rel

Chris Block Chair Eastern Neighborhoods Citizen Advisory Committee

Eastern Neighborhoods Citizen Advisory Committee Response to the Five-Year EN Monitoring Report (2011-2015)

INTRODUCTION

The Eastern Neighborhoods Citizen Advisory Committee (EN CAC) is comprised of 19 individuals appointed by members of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor to represent the five neighborhoods included in the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan (EN Plan) - Mission, Showplace Square/Potrero Hill, Central Waterfront, East SoMa and Western SoMa.

The EN CAC has prepared this document in response to the five-year monitoring report, which was prepared under the specifications of the EN Plan adopting ordinance and approved for submittal to the Planning Commission by the EN CAC on September 22, 2016. This response letter was prepared to provide context and an on-the-ground perspective of what has been happening, as well as outline policy objectives and principles to support the community members in each of these neighborhoods who are most impacted by development undertaken in response to the Plan.

BACKGROUND

High Level Policy Objectives and Key Planning Principles of the EN Plan: The Eastern Neighborhoods Plans represent the City's and community's pursuit of two key policy goals:

- **1.** Ensuring a stable future for PDR businesses in the city by preserving lands suitable to these activities and minimizing conflicts with other land uses; and
- 2. Providing a significant amount of new housing affordable to low, moderate and middle income families and individuals, along with "complete neighborhoods" that provide appropriate amenities for the existing and new residents.

In addition to policy goals and objectives outlined in individual plans referenced above, all plans are guided by four key principles divided into two broad policy categories:

The Economy and Jobs:

- **1.** Reserve sufficient space for production, distribution and repair (PDR) activities, in order to support the city's economy and provide good jobs for residents.
- **2.** Take steps to provide space for new industries that bring innovation and flexibility to the city's economy.

People and Neighborhoods:

1. Encourage new housing at appropriate locations and make it as affordable as possible to a range of city residents.

2. Plan for transportation, open space, community facilities and other critical elements of complete neighborhoods.

The ordinances that enacted the EN Plan envision an increase of 9,785 and over 13,000 new jobs in the Plan Area over the 20 year period - 2009 to 2029.

The Eastern Neighborhood's approval included various implementation documents including an Interagency Memorandum of Understand (MOU) among various City Departments to provide assurances to the Community that the public benefits promised with the Plan would in fact be provided.

COMMENTARY FROM THE EN CAC

The below sections mirror the four key principles of the EN Plan in organization. Below each principle are the aspects of the Plan that the EN CAC see as "working" followed by "what is not working".

PRINCIPLE 1. Reserve sufficient space for production, distribution and repair (PDR) activities, in order to support the city's economy and provide good jobs for residents.

What Seems to be Working:

PDR has been preserved and serves as a model for other cities

A hallmark of the EN Plan is that the City preserved and protected industrial space and land in the newly created PDR Districts. In fact, many other cities with robust real estate markets often look to San Francisco to understand how the protections were implemented and what the result have been since protections were put in place. While other cities struggle with preserving land for industrial uses, the EN Plan actually anticipated the possible changes and growth we are now facing and provided specific space for industrial uses.

Job Growth in the EN, including manufacturing, is almost double the amount that was anticipated in the EN Plan.

What Seems to Not be Working

Loss of PDR jobs in certain sectors.

There is much anecdotal evidence of traditional PDR businesses being forced out of their long-time locations within UMU zones. In certain neighborhoods, the UMU zoning has lead to gentrification, as long standing PDR uses are being replaced with upscale retail and other commercial services catering to the large segment of market rate housing.

The relocation and displacement of PDR has been especially severe in the arts and in auto repair businesses.

Outside of the PDR zoning, there is no mechanism to preserve the types of uses that typified existing light industrial neighborhoods, such as traditional PDR businesses that offered well-paying entry level positions, and arts uses. This has resulted in a fundamental loss of the long-time creative arts community character of the South of Market, and now also in the Mission District and Dogpatch Neighborhood, with more to come. Traditional PDR businesses cannot afford the rents of new PDR buildings and do not fit well on the ground floor of multi-unit residential buildings. The CAC suggests that the City develop mechanisms within the Planning Code to encourage construction of new PDR space both in the PDR-only zones and the mixed-use districts suitable for these traditional uses, including exploring mandatory BMR PDR spaces.

PRINCIPLE 2: Take steps to provide space for new industries that bring innovation and flexibility to the city's economy.

What Seems to be Working:

The Mixed Use Office zone in East SOMA has produced a number of ground-up office projects which provide space for new industries that can bring innovation and flexibility to the City's economy.

There has been a substantial growth in jobs (approx 32,500 jobs) between 2010-2015 - this far exceeds what was expected over the 20 year term (13,000 jobs). The EN Growth rate appears to be much higher than most other areas of SF.

In other PDR areas, the focus of the EN Plan was to preserve land and industrial space (as opposed to constructing new industrial space) in the various PDR zones within the Plan. Based in part on the robust amount of job growth including job growth within the PDR sector and the need for new industrial space, the City did amend some of the PDR zoning controls on select sites to encourage new PDR space construction in combination with office and/or institutional space. One project has been approved but not yet constructed and features approximately 60,000 square feet of deed-restricted and affordably priced light industrial space and 90,000 square feet of market rate industrial space, for a total of 150,000 square feet of new PDR space.

What Seems to Not be Working

The EN Plan includes a Biotechnology and Medical Use overlay in the northern portion of the Central Waterfront that was put in place to permit expansion of these types of uses resulting from the success of Mission Bay. As of the date of this document, no proposal has been made by the private sector pursuant to the Biotechnology and Medical Use overlay. It's the CAC's view that

the residential uses of the UMU zoning in this specific area supports greater land values then those supported by the Overlay. In addition, the relatively small parcel sizes that characterize the Central Waterfront / Dogpatch area are less accommodating of larger floorplate biotechnology or medical use buildings.

PRINCIPLE 3: Encourage new housing at appropriate locations and make it as affordable as possible to a range of city residents.

What Seems to be Working:

Affordable Housing has been created beyond what would have otherwise:

Throughout San Francisco and certainly in the Eastern Neighborhoods, San Franciscans are experiencing an affordable housing crisis. That being said, the EN Plan's policy mechanisms have created higher levels of inclusionary units than previously required by the City (see Executive Summary, pg. 7). For example, at the time of enactment, UMU zoning required 20% more inclusionary where density controls were lifted, and higher where additional heights were granted. In this regards, UMU has shown to be a powerful zoning tool and is largely responsible for the EN Plan's robust housing development pipeline & implementation. At the same time, community activists and neighborhood organizations have advocated for deeper levels of affordability and higher inclusionary amounts contributing to the creation of additional affordable housing.

Affordable housing funds for Mission and South of Market have been raised:

Some of the initial dollars of impact fees (first \$10M) were for preservation and rehabilitation of existing affordable housing that would not have otherwise existed if not for the EN Plan.

A new small-sites acquisition and rehab program was implemented in 2015, and has been successful in preserving several dozen units as permanent affordable housing, protecting existing tenants, and upgrading life-safety in the buildings.

After a few slow years between 2010-2012, the EN Plan is now out-pacing housing production with 1,375 units completed, another 3,208 under construction and 1,082 units entitled with another 7,363 units under permit review (in sum 13,028 units in some phase of development).

What Seems to Not be Working

There is a growing viewpoint centered on the idea that San Francisco has become a playground for the rich. Long-established EN communities and long-term residents of these neighborhoods (people of color, artists, seniors, low-income and working class people,) are experiencing an economic disenfranchisement, as they can no longer afford to rent, to eat out, or to shop in the neighborhood. They see the disappearance of their long-time neighborhood-serving businesses and shrinking sense of community.

Insufficient construction of affordable housing

Although developments have been increasing throughout the Eastern Neighborhoods, we have seen a lack of affordable housing included in what is being built compared to the needs of the current community members. Market-rate development, often regarded as "luxury," is inaccessible to the vast majority of individuals and families living in the city. The demand for these units has been the basis for a notable level of displacement, and for unseen pressures on people in rent controlled units, and others struggling to remain in San Francisco. A robust amount of affordable housing is needed to ensure those with restricted financial means can afford San Francisco. We have yet to see this level of development emulated for the populations who are most affected by the market-rate tremors. It is time for an approach towards affordable housing commensurate with the surge that we have seen for luxury units.

High cost of housing and commercial rents

Due to the high cost of housing in San Francisco, many long-term residents are finding it increasingly difficult, if not outright impossible, to even imagine socioeconomic progress. As rents have entered into a realm of relative absurdity, residents have found it ever more challenging to continue living in the city. The only way to move up (or even stay afloat, in many cases), is to move out of San Francisco. This situation has unleashed a force of displacement, anxiety, and general uneasiness within many segments of the Eastern Neighborhoods.

Pace of Development

The pace of development within the Eastern Neighborhoods has far exceeded the expectations originally conceived by the City. Since the market is intended to ensure situations are harnessed to maximize profit, we have seen development unaffordable to most. With a few thousand units in the pipeline slated for the Eastern Neighborhoods, much yet needs to be done to ensure that the city can handle such rapid change without destroying the essence of San Francisco.

PRINCIPLE 4: Plan for transportation, open space, community facilities and other critical elements of complete neighborhoods.

What Seems to be Working:

The EN Plan leverages private investment for community benefits by creating predictability for development.

With a clear set of zoning principles and codes and an approved EIR, the EN Plan has successfully laid a pathway for private investment as evidenced by the robust development pipeline. While in some neighborhoods the pace of development may be outpacing those benefits – as is the case in the throughout the Eastern Neighborhoods, there are community benefits being built alongside the development – and a growing impact fee fund source, as developments pay their impact fees as required by the EN Plan.

Funds have been raised for infrastructure that would not otherwise be raised. To date \$48M has been raised and \$100M expected in the next five years (see Tables 6.2.3; 6.2.2)

Priority Projects have been incorporated into the City's Ten Year Capital Plan and the Implementing Agencies' Capital Improvement Plans and work programs.

The Plan has lead to the development of parks and open space recreation. Streetscape improvements to 16th Street, Folsom and Howard, 6th, 7th and 8th Streets are now either fully funded or in process of being funded.

It is expected that more street life will over time support more in-fill retail and other community services.

New urban design policies that were introduced as part of the EN Plan are positive. The creation of controls such as massing breaks, mid-block mews, and active space frontages at street level create a more pedestrian friendly environment and a more pleasant urban experience. In Western Soma, the prohibition of lot aggregation above 100' has proven useful in keeping the smaller scale.

What Seems to Not be Working

A high portion of impact fees (80%) is dedicated to priority projects, such as improvements to 16^{th} Street and, Folsom and Howard Streets. The vast majority of impact fees have been set aside for these large infrastructure projects that might have been better funded by the general fund. This would allow for more funding for improvements in the areas directly impacted by the new development. This also limits the availability of funds for smaller scale projects and for projects that are more EN-centric. There are very limited options in funding for projects that have not been designated as "priority projects".

In-kind agreements have absorbed a significant percentage of the discretionary fees collected as well.

Absence of open space

The Eastern Neighborhoods lag behind other neighborhoods in San Francisco and nationwide in per capita green space (see Rec and Open Space Element Map 07 for areas lacking open space). Although the impact fees are funding the construction of new parks at 17th and Folsom in the Mission, Daggett Park in Potrero Hill and the rehabilitation of South Park in SOMA, there is a significant absence of new green or open space being added to address the influx of new residents. The Showplace Square Open Space Plan calls for four acres of new parks in the neighborhoods where only one is being constructed.

As a finite and valuable resource, we believe the City has an obligation to treat the waterfront uniquely and should strive to provide green and open waterfront space to the residents of the Eastern Neighborhoods and all City residents in perpetuity.

The pace of infrastructure development is not keeping up with development

There is a lag time between development and the implementation of new infrastructure, seemingly with no clear plan for how to fund the increased infrastructure needs. The plan is now 8 years old: the number of housing units that were projected to be built under the Plan is being exceeded, and we have to date not identified additional infrastructure funds to make up the funding gap. This appears to be a clear failure in the EN Plan implementation, especially because we now have little chance to fill that gap with higher development fees.

The data contained in the Monitoring Report indicates that the EN Plan has been successful in the development of new housing. However, the pace of development appears to have far exceeded the pace of new infrastructure. This is true in each of the EN areas. There is a deficiency in transit options and development of new open space within all plan neighborhoods. A single child-care center in the Central Waterfront has been built as a part of the Plan. As of this time, not one new open space park has opened within the Plan area. The deficiency in public transportation is especially apparent. Ride services have become an increasingly popular option. However, their use contributes to the traffic congestion that is common throughout the city of San Francisco.

The impact fees inadequate

Although the amount of impact fees currently projected to be collected will exceed the sums projected in the Plan, the funding seems inadequate to address the increasing requirements for infrastructure improvements to support the EN Plan. The pace of development has put huge pressure on transportation and congestion and increased the need and desire for improved bike and pedestrian access along major routes within each Plan neighborhood. There is a striking absence of open space, especially in the Showplace/Potrero neighborhood. There has been a significant lag time in the collection of the Plan impact fees and with the implementation of the community benefits intended to be funded by the fees.

Large portions of impact fees are dedicated, which limits agility with funding requests from discretionary fees. The CAC has allocated funding for citizen-led initiatives to contribute a sustainable stream of funding to the Community Challenge Grant program run out of the City Administrators' office. Our past experience is that this program has doubled capacity of local "street parks" in the Central Waterfront from 2 to 4 with the addition of Tunnel Top Park and Angel Alley to the current street parks of Minnesota Grove and Progress Park.

Impacts of non-EIR projects

Data in the report does not properly reflect the impacts of non-EIR projects, such as Pier 70, recent UCSF expansion into Dogpatch and the Potrero Annex. These very large projects are not required to provide impact fees; the public must rely on the developers working with the community to add benefits to their projects.

Upcoming non-EIR projects such as the Warriors arena, Seawall 337 / Pier 48, continued housing development in Mission Bay and UCSF student housing further increase the pressures of density on the neighborhoods. The square footage included in these various projects may equal or exceed all of the projects under the EN Plan. Although these projects are not dependent on the EN Plan to provide their infrastructure, their impacts should be considered for a complete EN approach to infrastructure and other improvements.

Deficiency in Complete Neighborhoods

Complete neighborhoods recognize the need for proximity of daily consumer needs to a home residence. Combining resources to add shopping for groceries, recreation for families, schools for children will create a complete neighborhood. This will then have the additional benefit of reducing vehicle trips.

Many new developments have been built with no neighborhood -serving retail or commercial ground floor space. The UMU zoning has allowed developers to take advantage of a robust real estate market and build out the ground floor spaces with additional residential units, not neighborhood services such as grocery and other stores.

Evictions and move-outs

There are many reports of long-term residents of the neighborhoods being evicted or forced or paid to move out of the area. Younger, high wage-earning people are replacing retirees on fixed incomes and middle and low wage earners.

Traffic congestion and its impact on commercial uses

Transportation improvements have not kept pace with the amount of vehicular traffic on the streets, leading to vehicular traffic congestion in many parts of the Eastern Neighborhoods. While the slow movement of traffic has affected all residents, it has become a serious burden for businesses that rely on their ability to move goods and services quickly and efficiently. The additional transit that has been implemented through MUNI Forward is welcome but not sufficient to serve new growth. There does not seem to be sufficient increase in service to meet the increase in population.

Loss of non-profit and institutional space

There are many reports of non-profits and institutions being forced to relocate due to rent pressures.

Urban Design Policies and Guidelines

While the EN Plans did provide urban design provisions to break up building and provide active frontages, additional urban design controls are warranted. New buildings would be more welcome if they provided more commercial activity at the ground level. Other guidelines should be considered to further break down the massing of new structures.

PROPOSED STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS WHAT'S NOT WORKING:

Retaining PDR:

- Study trends of specific PDR sectors, such as repair and construction to see what is happening to them.
- Implement temporary or permanent relocation assistance programs for displaced PDR tenants through the OEWD.
- Consider implementing programs to transition workers from PDR sectors being lost.
- Potentially preserve additional land for PDR both inside and outside of the EN (i.e. Bayshore).
- Establish new mechanisms and zoning tools to encourage construction and establishment of new and modern PDR space within the PDR districts.
- The EN Plan should consider making a provision for temporary or permanent relocation assistance for PDR uses displaced by implementation of the EN Plan and/or use impact fees to assist in the acquisition/development of a new creative arts facility similar to other city-sponsored neighborhood arts centers like SOMArts.

Retaining Non-Profit Spaces:

- Study impacts of rent increases on non-profit office space.
- Where preservation/incorporation of PDR uses will be required (i.e. Central Waterfront), consider allowing incorporation of non-profit office as an alternative.
- Consider enacting inclusionary office program for non-profit space, PDR, and similar uses.

Housing

- Consider increases in affordability levels.
- More aggressively pursue purchasing opportunity sites to ensure that they can be preserved for affordable housing before they are bought by market-rate developers.

Infrastructure / Complete Neighborhoods

- Work with Controller's Office, Capital Planning Office, and the Mayor's Budget Office to solve the existing known funding gap for EN Infrastructure Projects.
- Deploy impact fees more quickly or find ways to use impact fees to leverage other sources that could be deployed sooner (i.e. bond against revenue stream).
- Consider increasing impact fee levels.
- Increase amount of infrastructure, such as additional parks, given that more development has occurred (and will likely continue to occur) than originally anticipated.
- Study how to bring infrastructure improvements sooner.
- Study new funding strategies (such as an IFD or similar) or other finance mechanisms to supplement impact fees and other finance sources to facilitate the creation of complete neighborhoods, a core objective of the EN Plan.
- Improve the process for in kind agreements.
- Consider allocation of waterfront property to increase the amount of green and open space for use by the general public, as illustrated by the successful implementation in Chicago.
- Review structure of the EN CAC. Consider how the CAC can deploy funds faster. Possibly broaden the role of the CAC to include consideration of creation of complete neighborhoods.
- Consider decreasing the number of members on the EN CAC in order to meet quorum more routinely. Impress on the BOS and the Mayor the importance of timely appointments to the CAC.
- Consider legislation that would enable greater flexibility in spending between infrastructure categories so that funds are not as constrained as they are currently set to be by the Planning Code.
- Explore policies that maximize the utilization of existing and new retail tenant space for neighborhood serving retail, so that they are not kept vacant.

Non EN-EIR Projects

• Encourage the City to take a more holistic expansive approach and analysis that include projects not included in the current EN EIR or the EN Geography.