

# SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MEMO

# Memo To the Planning Commission

Hearing Date: April 28, 2022

49 South Van Ness Ave., Suite 1400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Reception: 628.652.7600

**DATE:** 21 April 2022

PROJECT NAME: HOUSING BALANCE REPORT NO. 14

**CASE NUMBER:** 2018-004047CWP-02

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**RECOMMENDATION:** None - Informational Only

# **SUMMARY**

This report is submitted in compliance with Ordinance No. 53-15 requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the housing balance between new market rate and new affordable housing production. One of the stated purposes of the Housing Balance is "to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development." This report is the fourteenth in the series and covers the ten-year period from 1 January 2012 through 31 December 2021. The report is published twice annually in April and October.

The ordinance defines the "Housing Balance" as the proportion of all new affordable housing units to the total number of all new housing units for a 10-year "Housing Balance Period," accounting for any loss of units removed from "protected status." In addition, the reporting must include a calculation of "Projected Housing Balance" which is focused exclusively on forward-looking housing production and includes residential projects that have received approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, including projects under construction, permitted for construction, and those entitled but that have not yet received permits to commence construction.

In the 2012 Q1-2021 Q4 Housing Balance Period, the Cumulative Housing Balance is 16.9%, which is higher than the previous period (14.5% for 2011 Q1-2020 Q4). The Expanded Citywide Cumulative Housing Balance is 24.8%, which is higher than the previous period (22.3% for 2011 Q1-2020 Q4), although this varies by Supervisor district. Distribution of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Units under "protected status" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance.

Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance over the 11 Board of Supervisor Districts ranges from -75.5% (District 4) to 50.7% (District 5). Negative housing balances result from the large number of units permanently withdrawn from affordability protection relative to the number of total net new units and net affordable units built in those districts.

The Projected Housing Balance Citywide is 20.2%, higher than the 17.3% projection in the previous report. The ordinance specifically excludes master planned multi-phase development projects from the projected housing balance calculations until site permits are obtained. Accordingly, the Balboa Reservoir, India Basin, and Mission Rock projects are excluded from this projection.

The Projected Housing Balance methodology as defined by the ordinance is not necessarily an accurate predictor of current or future affordable housing production, as it does not account for the expected (but not yet entitled or permitted) affordable housing projects with funding either in hand or expected by the City. Examples of these projects include those funded through inclusionary fees paid by housing projects otherwise included in the Balance calculation, jobshousing linkage fees paid by commercial development, voter-approved bonds, and other sources of funding. For the past ten years, deed-restricted affordable housing production has accounted for 23% of overall production. As of 2021 Q4, 20% of units that have either received entitlements, have approved permits from DBI, or are currently under construction, will be affordable<sup>2</sup>.

# **BACKGROUND**

On 21 April 2015, the Board of Supervisors passed Ordinance No. 53-15 amending the *Planning Code* to include a new *Section 103* requiring the Planning Department to monitor and report on the Housing Balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing production. The *Housing Balance Report* is submitted bi-annually by April 1 and October 1 of each year and published on the Planning Department's website. *Planning Code Section 103* also requires an annual hearing at the Board of Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with the City's housing production goals. (See *Appendix A* for complete text of Ordinance No. 53-15.) This hearing typically accompanies the April report.

The stated purposes for the Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting are: a) to maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing Citywide and within neighborhoods; b) to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types; c) to preserve the mixed-income character of the City and its neighborhoods; d) to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room occupancy hotel units; e) to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes; f) to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled communities; g) to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets Citywide and within neighborhoods informs the approval process for new housing development; and h) to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Table 2

Housing production targets adopted by the State and the Association of Bay Area Governments, and reflected in the City's *Housing Element*, last adopted in April 2015, calls for a minimum of 28,870 new units to be built in San Francisco between 2015 and 2022, including a minimum of 16,333 affordable units (57%³ of the total). As mandated by law, the City provides the State Department of Housing and Community Development an annual progress report.⁴ In addition, in November 2014, San Francisco's voters endorsed Proposition K, which set as city policy a goal to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020, at least 33% of which will be affordable to low- and moderate-income households. ⁵ While the *Housing Balance Report* is intended to supplement analysis towards adopted City housing goals, the report and its calculations do not specifically track performance toward meeting goals set by the City's *Housing Element/RHNA* and Proposition K and are not comparable because the metrics and methodologies differ.

This *Housing Balance Report* was prepared from data gathered from other published sources including the Planning Department's annual *Housing Inventory* and quarterly *Pipeline Report* data, Department of Building Inspection data, San Francisco Rent Board data, and affordable housing data from the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development.

# **CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE CALCULATION**

Planning Code Section 103 calls for the Housing Balance "be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low, and moderate income affordable housing (all units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within the Housing Balance Period." The ordinance requires that the "Cumulative Housing Balance" be provided using two calculations: a) one consisting of net housing built within a 10 year Housing Balance period, less units withdrawn from protected status, plus net units in projects that have received both approvals from the Planning Commission or Planning Department and site permits from the Department of Building Inspection, and b) the same calculation, with the addition of net units gained through acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable units, HOPE SF, Small Sites, and RAD Program units<sup>6</sup>. "Protected units" include units that are subject to rent control under the City's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance. Additional elements that figure into the Housing Balance include completed HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement, substantially rehabilitated units, and single-room occupancy hotel units (SROs). The equation below shows the second, expanded calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Ordinance inaccurately stated that "22% of new housing demands to be affordable to households of moderate means." San Francisco's Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) allocation for moderate income households is 19% of total production goals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Printed annual progress reports submitted by all California jurisdictions can be accessed here – <a href="http://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/housing-element/annual-progress-reports/index.php">http://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/housing-element/annual-progress-reports/index.php</a> .-- or by calling HCD at 916-263-2911 for the latest reports as many jurisdictions now file reports online.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For tracking of the Prop K affordable housing goal, see <a href="https://sfmohcd.org">https://sfmohcd.org</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> HOPESF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Program units are deed-restricted affordable units that have been acquired and rehabilitated.

[Net New Affordable Housing

- + Completed Acquisitions & Rehabs
  - + Completed HOPE SF
- + RAD Public Housing Replacement
- + Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units]
- [Units Removed from Protected Status]

EXPANDED CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE

[Net New Housing Built + Net Entitled & Permitted Units]

The first "Housing Balance Period" is a ten-year period starting with the first quarter of 2005 through the last quarter of 2014. Subsequent housing balance reports will cover the 10 years preceding the most recent quarter. This report covers January 2012 (Q1) through December 2021 (Q4).

Table 1A below shows that the Cumulative Housing Balance for 10-year 2012 Q1—2021 Q4 period is 16.9% citywide. The Cumulative Housing Balance for the previous 10-year period from 2011 Q1—2020 Q4 was 14.5%.

Note that, in previously submitted reports, units acquired for preservation, rehabilitated units, and Small Sites Program units were included in Table 1A. This formulation is not supported by the language in Ordinance 53-15. These units should only be included in the Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance (Table 1B). We have removed them from Table 1A this report, and from the figures we quote for comparison from previous reports.

In 2016, the Board of Supervisors revised the ordinance to include Owner Move-Ins (OMIs)<sup>7</sup> in the "Units Removed from Protected Status" section of the Housing Balance calculation. Although OMIs were not specifically named in the original Ordinance in the calculation of the Housing Balance, these were included in earlier reports because this type of no-fault eviction results in the loss of rent-controlled units either permanently or for a period of time.

Table 1A
Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Bos District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
BoS Dist. 1	46	-	477	466	302	-56.1%
BoS Dist. 2	98	41	289	988	650	-9.2%
BoS Dist. 3	443	252	298	1,307	1,239	15.6%
BoS Dist. 4	37	15	474	189	370	-75.5%
BoS Dist. 5	604	343	324	1,749	1,511	19.1%
BoS Dist. 6	3,991	3,863	142	19,058	16,348	21.8%
BoS Dist. 7	152	284	225	621	5,820	3.3%
BoS Dist. 8	275	38	610	1,556	722	-13.0%
BoS Dist. 9	768	368	660	2,376	1,644	11.8%
BoS Dist. 10	2,001	4,298	299	6,175	19,244	23.6%
BoS Dist. 11	57	320	402	414	719	-2.2%
Totals	8,472	9,822	4,200	34,899	48,569	16.9%

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Owner Move-In (OMI) Evictions occur when a landlord or property owner recovers possession of a rental unit for the occupancy of the owner or relative of the owner for use as their principal residence for a period of at least 36 continuous months. This information is collected from the Rent Board.

Table 1B below shows the Expanded Cumulative Housing Balances for Board of Supervisor Districts, ranging from -75.5% (District 4) to 50.7% (District 5). Negative balances seen in Districts 1 (-36.1%) and 4 (-75.5%) resulted from the units removed from protected status relative to the net new affordable housing and net new housing units built in those districts.

Table 1B Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Bos District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions, Rehabs & Small Sites Completed	RAD & Hope SF Replacement Units	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
BoS Dist. 1	46	10	144	-	477	466	302	-36.1%
BoS Dist. 2	98	25	251	41	289	988	650	7.7%
BoS Dist. 3	443	100	576	252	298	1,307	1,239	42.1%
BoS Dist. 4	37	-	-	15	474	189	370	-75.5%
BoS Dist. 5	604	223	806	343	324	1,749	1,511	50.7%
BoS Dist. 6	3,991	1,442	560	3,863	142	19,058	16,348	27.4%
BoS Dist. 7	152	-	109	284	225	621	5,820	5.0%
BoS Dist. 8	275	77	330	38	610	1,556	722	4.8%
BoS Dist. 9	768	449	268	368	660	2,376	1,644	29.7%
BoS Dist. 10	2,001	-	1,186	4,298	299	6,175	19,244	28.3%
BoS Dist. 11	57	42	-	320	402	414	719	1.5%
Totals	8,472	2,368	4,230	9,822	4,200	34,899	48,569	24.8%

# PROJECTED HOUSING BALANCE

Table 2 below summarizes residential projects that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department, have received an approved building permit from the Department of Building Inspection (DBI), or are currently under construction. Table 2 is the summary of Tables 3 (Units in Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, as of 2021 Q4) and 4 (Entitled Units Without a Building Permit Issued, as of 2021 Q4), thus providing a projected housing balance that includes any residential project that has received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, as required by the ordinance.

The overall projected housing balance at the end of 2021 Q4 is 20.2%; for the previous 10-year reporting period, this projected balance was 17.3%. The projected balance is also expected to change as several major projects have yet to declare how their affordable housing requirements will be met. In addition, three entitled major development projects—Balboa Reservoir, India Basin and Mission Rock—are not included in the accounting until site or building permits are issued, as specified in the ordinance. Remaining phases from these projects will yield an additional 7,300 net new units; 22% (or about 1,570 units) would be affordable to low- and moderate-income households.<sup>8</sup>

As required by the ordinance, the Projected Housing Balance also does not account for affordable housing units that will be produced with current and future affordable housing funding (e.g. Inclusionary Housing Fee, Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee, bond funds), including funds owed or already paid by projects in a given reporting cycle. Those affordable housing units are produced several years after the fee is collected. Units produced through the fee typically serve lower income households than do the inclusionary units, including special needs populations requiring services, such as seniors, transitional aged youth, families, and veterans.

Table 2
Projected Housing Balance (Entitled, Permitted, and Under Construction Units), 2021 Q4

Bos District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS Dist. 1	-	=	-	ı	-	302	0.0%
BoS Dist. 2	-	28	6	7	41	650	6.3%
BoS Dist. 3	54	116	15	67	252	1,239	20.3%
BoS Dist. 4	33	62	51	(131)	15	370	4.1%
BoS Dist. 5	108	85	13	137	343	1,511	22.7%
BoS Dist. 6	496	967	429	1,971	3,863	16,348	23.6%
BoS Dist. 7	-	-	-	284	284	5,820	4.9%
BoS Dist. 8	-	20	5	13	38	722	5.3%
BoS Dist. 9	89	95	18	166	368	1,644	22.4%
BoS Dist. 10	330	148	100	3,720	4,298	19,244	22.3%
BoS Dist. 11	163	89	79	(11)	320	719	44.5%
Totals	1,273	1,610	716	6,223	9,822	48,569	20.2%

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Calculated from the 2021 Q4 Planning Pipeline

# **Permitted and Under Construction Units**

Table 3 below shows units that have received approved building permits or are currently under construction as of 2021 Q4. 56.5% of these units will be or are currently being built in District 6. Another 16.1% will be or are currently being built in District 10. Of all units that have received approved permits from DBI or are currently under construction, 29% will be affordable.

Table 3
Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, as of 2021 Q4

Bos District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS Dist. 1	-	=	=	-	-	203	0.0%
BoS Dist. 2	-	22	-	1	23	232	9.9%
BoS Dist. 3	54	115	15	62	246	426	57.7%
BoS Dist. 4	33	62	51	(134)	12	242	5.0%
BoS Dist. 5	32	73	13	13	131	521	25.1%
BoS Dist. 6	496	857	316	542	2,211	6,543	33.8%
BoS Dist. 7	-	-	-	-	-	1,064	0.0%
BoS Dist. 8	-	18	5	5	28	391	7.2%
BoS Dist. 9	89	79	16	146	330	1,102	29.9%
BoS Dist. 10	97	58	8	468	631	2,099	30.1%
BoS Dist. 11	163	81	79	(19)	304	471	64.5%
Totals	964	1,365	503	1,084	3,916	13,294	29.5%

# **Entitled Units**

Table 4 below shows units that have received entitlements from the Planning Commission or the Planning Department as of 2021 Q4. 48.6% of these units will be built in District 10, and 27.8% in District 6. Of all units that have received Planning entitlements, 17% will be affordable. Three entitled major development projects—Balboa Reservoir, India Basin and Mission Rock—are not included in the accounting as specified in the ordinance.

Table 4
Entitled Units without a Building Permit Issued, as of 2021 Q4

Bos District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS Dist. 1	-	-	-	-	-	99	0.0%
BoS Dist. 2	-	6	6	6	18	418	4.3%
BoS Dist. 3	-	1	-	5	6	813	0.7%
BoS Dist. 4	-	-	-	3	3	128	2.3%
BoS Dist. 5	76	12	-	124	212	990	21.4%
BoS Dist. 6	-	110	113	1,429	1,652	9,805	16.8%
BoS Dist. 7	-	-	-	284	284	4,756	6.0%
BoS Dist. 8	-	2	-	8	10	331	3.0%
BoS Dist. 9	-	16	2	20	38	542	7.0%
BoS Dist. 10	233	90	92	3,252	3,667	17,145	21.4%
BoS Dist. 11	-	8	-	8	16	248	6.5%
Totals	309	245	213	5,139	5,906	35,275	16.7%

#### **CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE ELEMENTS**

Because the scope covered by the Housing Balance calculation is broad, each element—or group of elements—will be discussed separately. The body of this report will account for figures at the Board of Supervisor district level. The breakdown of each element using the Planning Department District geographies, as required by *Section 103*, is provided separately in *Appendix B*. This is to ensure simple and uncluttered tables in the main body of the report.

# Affordable Housing and Net New Housing Production

Table 5 below shows housing production between 2012 Q1 and 2021 Q4. This ten-year period resulted in a net addition of 34,899 units to the City's housing stock, including 8,472 affordable units (or 24.3%). Most of the net new and affordable housing units built in the ten-year reporting period were in District 6 (19,058 and 3,991 units respectively). District 10 follows with 6,175 net new units, including 2,001 affordable units.

The table below also shows that 24.3% of net new units built between 2012 Q1 and 2021 Q4 were affordable units. 41.7 of the affordable units built during that period were in District 6, and 23.6% in District 10.

Table 5
New Housing Production by Affordability, 2012 Q1—2021 Q49

Bos District	Extr. Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	Middle Income	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
BoS Dist. 1	-	-	-	46	-	46	466	10%
BoS Dist. 2	-	-	-	98	-	98	988	10%
BoS Dist. 3	18	247	89	89	-	443	1,307	34%
BoS Dist. 4	-	2	2	33	-	37	189	20%
BoS Dist. 5	-	251	175	178	-	604	1,749	35%
BoS Dist. 6	373	1,303	1,677	591	47	3,991	19,058	21%
BoS Dist. 7	-	71	31	50	ı	152	621	24%
BoS Dist. 8	-	117	99	59	-	275	1,556	18%
BoS Dist. 9	40	299	365	64	1	768	2,376	32%
BoS Dist. 10	67	1,087	647	200	1	2,001	6,175	32%
BoS Dist. 11	-	-	-	57	-	57	414	14%
Totals	498	3,377	3,085	1,465	47	8,472	34,899	24.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> It should be noted that units affordable to Extremely Very Low Income (EVLI) households are included under the Very Low Income (VLI) category because certain projects that benefit homeless individuals and families – groups considered as EVLI – have income eligibility caps at the VLI level.

# Acquisition and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing Units

Table 6a below shows units that have been rehabilitated and/or acquired for preservation between 2012 Q1 and 2021 Q4 to ensure permanent affordability. These are mostly single-room occupancy hotel units that are affordable to extremely-low and very-low-income households.

Table 6A
Acquisitions and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Bos District	No. of Building	No. of Units
BoS Dist. 1	2	5
BoS Dist. 2	1	25
BoS Dist. 3	4	94
BoS Dist. 4	-	ı
BoS Dist. 5	5	220
BoS Dist. 6	19	1,385
BoS Dist. 7	-	ı
BoS Dist. 8	8	43
BoS Dist. 9	24	324
BoS Dist. 10	-	-
BoS Dist. 11	1	21
Totals	64	2,117

# **Small Sites Program**

The San Francisco Small Sites Program (SSP) is an initiative of the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development (MOHCD) to acquire small rent-controlled buildings (with four to 25 units) where tenants are at risk of eviction through the Ellis Act <sup>10</sup>or owner move-ins. Since its inception in 2014, 38 buildings with 251 units have been acquired.

**Table 6B** Small Sites Program, 2014—2021 Q4

Bos District	No. of Building	No. of Units
BoS Dist. 1	2	5
BoS Dist. 2	ı	1
BoS Dist. 3	2	6
BoS Dist. 4	ı	1
BoS Dist. 5	3	3
BoS Dist. 6	5	57
BoS Dist. 7	ı	1
BoS Dist. 8	7	34
BoS Dist. 9	18	125
BoS Dist. 10	-	-
BoS Dist. 11	1	21
Totals	38	251

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  Ellis Act evictions occur when a landlord withdraws the rental unit from the residential rental housing market.

# **RAD Program**

The San Francisco Housing Authority's Rental Assistance Demonstration Program (RAD) preserves at-risk public and assisted housing projects.

Table 7
RAD Affordable Units, 2015-2021 Q4

Bos District 🔻	No. of Building	No. of Units
BoS Dist. 1	2	144
BoS Dist. 2	3	251
BoS Dist. 3	4	576
BoS Dist. 4	-	-
BoS Dist. 5	6	806
BoS Dist. 6	4	560
BoS Dist. 7	1	109
BoS Dist. 8	4	330
BoS Dist. 9	2	268
BoS Dist. 10	4	1,186
BoS Dist. 11	-	-
Totals	30	4,230

# **Units Removed from Protected Status**

San Francisco's Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance protects tenants and preserves affordability of about 175,000 rental units by limiting annual rent increases. Landlords can, however, terminate tenants' leases through no-fault evictions that are not the tenants' fault. The Housing Balance calculation takes into account units permanently withdrawn from rent stabilization as loss of affordable housing. The following no-fault evictions affect the supply of rent-controlled units by removing units from the rental market: condo conversion, demolition, Ellis Act, and owner move-ins (OMIs). It should be noted that initially, OMIs were not specifically named by the Ordinance to be included in the calculation. However, because owner move-ins have the effect of the losing rent-controlled units either permanently or for a substantial period of time, these numbers are included in the Housing Balance calculation as intended by the legislation's sponsors. Some of these OMI units may return to being rentals and will still fall under the rent control ordinance. On 14 November 2016, the Board of Supervisors amended Planning Code Section 103 to include OMIs as part of the housing balance calculation.

Table 8 below shows the distribution of no-fault eviction notices issued between January 2012 and December 2021. Eviction notices have been commonly used as proxy for evictions. Owner Move-In and Ellis Act notices made up most of no-fault evictions (58% and 31% respectively). Distribution of these no-fault eviction notices is almost evenly dispersed, with Districts 8 and 9 leading (each with approximately 15% of the total units removed from protected status).

Table 8
Units Removed from Protected Status, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

					Units Removed
Bos District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	from Protected
~	~	▼	*	*	Status <b>T</b>
BoS Dist. 1	3	20	135	319	477
BoS Dist. 2	18	9	80	182	289
BoS Dist. 3	7	7	164	120	298
BoS Dist. 4	-	69	91	314	474
BoS Dist. 5	17	12	81	214	324
BoS Dist. 6	-	75	55	12	142
BoS Dist. 7	-	28	60	137	225
BoS Dist. 8	28	26	230	326	610
BoS Dist. 9	8	43	270	339	660
BoS Dist. 10	2	36	54	207	299
BoS Dist. 11	-	61	72	269	402
Totals	83	386	1,292	2,439	4,200

# PERIODIC REPORTING AND ONLINE ACCESS

This report complies with the *Planning Code Section 103* requirement that the Planning Department publish and update the *Housing Balance Report* bi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. *Housing Balance Reports* are available online, as mandated by the ordinance, by going to this link: <a href="https://sfplanning.org/housing-balance-report">https://sfplanning.org/housing-balance-report</a>.

# **ANNUAL HEARING**

A hearing on the Housing Balance before the Board of Supervisors is scheduled each year. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, the Department of Building Inspection, and the City Economist will present strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing balance consistent with the City's housing goals at this annual hearing. The ordinance also requires that MOHCD will determine the amount of funding needed to bring the City into the required minimum 33% should the cumulative housing balance fall below that threshold.

.)		AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 4/6/15
	FILE NO. 1500	
1	(Planning Code	e - City Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting]
2		
3	Ordinance am	nending the Planning Code to require the Planning Department to monit
4	the balance be	etween new market rate housing and new affordable housing, and publ
5	a bi-annual Ho	ousing Balance Report; requiring an annual hearing at the Board of
6	Supervisors o	on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance
7	in accordance	with San Francisco's housing production goals; and making
8	environmental	I findings, Planning Code, Section 302 findings, and findings of
9	consistency w	with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code.
0	Section 101.1.	
1	W200	A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
2	NOTE:	Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.  Additions to Codes are in single-underline italies Times New Roman font.  Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough Italies Times New Roman font.
3		Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.  Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.
5		Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.
6	Be it ord	dained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
7		
В	Section	1. Findings.
9	(a) The	Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
0	ordinance comp	ply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resource
1	Code Sections	21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
2	Supervisors in	File No. 150029 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board of
3	Supervisors aff	firms this determination.
4	(b) On f	March 19, 2015, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 19337, adopte
5	findings that the	e actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the

adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 150029, and is incorporated herein by reference.

(c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that this Planning Code Amendment will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 150029 and the Board incorporates such reasons herein by reference.

Section 2. The Planning Code is hereby amended by adding new Section 103 to read as follows:

# SEC, 103. HOUSING BALANCE MONITORING AND REPORTING.

(a) Purposes. To maintain a balance between new affordable and market rate housing City wide and within neighborhoods, to make housing available for all income levels and housing need types, to preserve the mixed income character of the City and its neighborhoods, to offset the withdrawal of existing housing units from rent stabilization and the loss of single-room-occupancy hotel units, to ensure the availability of land and encourage the deployment of resources to provide sufficient housing affordable to households of very low, low, and moderate incomes, to ensure adequate housing for families, seniors and the disabled community, to ensure that data on meeting affordable housing targets City-wide and within neighborhoods informs the appropriate mix of new housing development, and to enable public participation in determining the appropriate mix of new housing approvals, there is hereby established a requirement, as detailed in this Section 103, to monitor and regularly report on the housing balance between market rate housing and affordable housing.

#### (b) Findings.

(1) In November 2014, the City voters enacted Proposition K, which established City policy to help construct or rehabilitate at least 30,000 homes by 2020. More than 50% of this housing would be affordable for middle-class households, with at least 33% affordable for low- and moderate-

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₽age 2

income households, and the City is expected to develop strategies to achieve that goal. This section 103 sets forth a method to track performance toward the City's Housing Element goals and the near-term Proposition K goal that 33% of all new housing shall be affordable housing, as defined herein.

(2) The City's rent stabilized and permanently affordable housing stock serves very low-, low-, and moderate-income families, long-time residents, elderly seniors, disabled persons and others. The City seeks to achieve and maintain an appropriate balance between market rate housing and affordable housing City-wide and within neighborhoods because the availability of decent housing and a suitable living environment for every San Franciscan is of vital importance. Attainment of the City's housing goals requires the cooperative participation of government and the private sector to expand housing opportunities to accommodate housing needs for San Franciscans at all economic levels and to respond to the unique needs of each neighborhood where housing will be located.

(3) For tenants in unsubsidized housing, affordability is often preserved by the Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance's limitations on the size of allowable rent increases during a tenancy. As documented in the Budget and Legislative Analyst's October 2013 Policy Analysis Report on Tenant Displacement, San Francisco is experiencing a rise in units withdrawn from rent controls. Such rises often accompany periods of sharp increases in property values and housing prices. From 1998 through 2013, the Rent Board reported a total of 13,027 no-fauli evictions (i.e., evictions in which the tenant had not violated any lease terms, but the owner sought to regain possession of the unit). Total evictions of all types have increased by 38,2% from Rent Board Year (i.e. from March through February) 2010 to Rent Board Year 2013. During the same period, Ellis Act evictions far outpaced other evictions, increasing by 169,8% from 43 in Rent Board Year 2010 to 116 in Rent Board Year 2013. These numbers do not capture the large number of owner buyouts of tenants, which contribute further to the loss of rent-stabilized units from the housing market. Any fair assessment of the affordable housing balance must incorporate into the calculation units withdrawn from rent stabilization.

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(4) Pursuant to Government Code Section 65584, the Association of Bay Area 1 2 Governments (ABAG), in coordination with the California State Department of Housing and 3 Community Development (HCD), determines the Bay Area's regional housing need based on regional 4 irends, projected job growth, and existing needs. The regional housing needs assessment (RHNA) determination includes production targets addressing housing needs of a range of household income 5 categories. For the RHNA period covering 2015 through 2022, ABAG has projected that at least 38% 6 of new housing demands for San Francisco will be from very low and low income households 7 8 (households earning under 80% of area median income), and another 22% of new housing demands to be affordable to households of moderate means tearning between 80% and 120% of area median 9 income). Market-rate housing is considered housing with no income limits or special requirements 10 11 attached. (5) The Housing Element of the City's General Plan states: "Based on the growing 12 13 population, and smart growth goals of providing housing in central areas like San Francisco, near jobs 14 and transit, the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), with the 15 Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG), estimates that in the current 2015-2022 Housing 16 Element period San Francisco must plan for the capacity for roughly 28,870 new units. 57% of which 17 should be suitable for housing for the extremely low, very low, low and moderage income households to 18 meet its share of the region's projected housing demand." Objective 1 of the Housing Element states that the City should "identify and make available for development adequate sites to meet the City's 19 20 housing needs, especially permanently affordable housing." Objective 7 states that San Francisco's projected affordable housing needs for outpace the capacity for the City to secure subsidies for new 21 22 affordable units. 23 (6) In 2012, the City enacted Ordinance 237-12, the 'Housing Preservation and 24 Production Ordinance." codified in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4, to require Planning 25 Department staff to regularly report data on progress toward meeting San Francisco's quantified

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production goals for different household income levels as provided in the General Plan's Housing Element. That Ordinance requires data on the number of units in all stages of the housing production process at various affordability levels to be included in staff reports on all proposed projects of five residential units or more and in quarterly housing production reports to the Planning Commission. The Planning Department has long tracked the number of affordable housing units and total number of housing units built throughout the City and in specific areas and should be able to track the ratio called for in this Section 103.

(1) As the private market has embarked upon, and government officials have urged, an ambitious program to produce significant amounts of new housing in the City, the limited remaining available land makes it essential to assess the impact of the approval of new market rate housing developments on the availability of land for affordable housing and to encourage the deployment of resources to provide such housing.

#### (c) Housing Balance Calculation.

(1) For purposes of this Section 103, "Housing Balance" shall be defined as the proportion of all new housing units affordable to households of extremely low, very low, low or moderate income households, as defined in California Health & Safety Code Sections 50079.5 et seq. as suck provisions may be amended from time to time, to the total number of all new housing units for a 10 year Housing Balance Period.

(2) The Housing Balance Period shall begin with the first quarter of year 2005 to the last quarter of 2014, and thereafter for the ten years prior to the most recent calendar quarter.

(3) For each year that date is available, beginning in 2005, the Planning Department shall report net housing construction by income levels, as well as units that have been withdrawn from protection afforded by City law, such as laws providing for rent-controlled and single resident occupancy (SRO) units. The affordable housing categories shall include net new units, as well as existing units that were previously not restricted by deed or regulatory agreement that are acquired for

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	preservation as permanently affordable housing as determined by the Mayor's Office of Housing and
	Community Development (MOHCD) (not including refinancing or other rehabilitation under existing
-	ownership), protected by deed or regulatory agreement for a minimum of 55 years. The report shall
	include, by year, and for the latest quarter, all units that have received Temporary Certificates of
-	Occupancy within that year, a separate category for units that obtained a site or building permit, and
4	mother category for units that have received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning
-	Department, but have not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except an
	entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance Period). Master
1	planned entitlements, including but not limited to such areas as Treasure Island, Hunters Point
7.0	Shipyard and Park Merced, shall not be included in this latter category until individual hailding
è	entitlements or site permits are approved for specific housing projects. For each year or approval
2	Status, the following categories shall be separately reported:
	(A) Extremely Low Income Units, which are units available to individuals or
L	amilies making between 0-30% Area Median Income (AMI) as defined in California Health & Safety
9	Code Section 50106, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 0-30% AMI;
	(B) Very Low Income Units, which are units evailable to individuals or familie.
7	naking between 30-50% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50105, and are
à	subject to price or restrictions between 30-50% AMI;
	(C) Lower Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
2	naking between 50-80% AMI as defined in California Health & Safety Code Section 50079.5, and ar
3	subject to price or rent restrictions between 50-80% AMI;
	(D) Moderate Income Units, which are units available to individuals or familie
	making between 80-120% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 80-120% AMI;
	(E) Middle Income Units, which are units available to individuals or families
,	making between 120-150% AMI, and are subject to price or rent restrictions between 120-150% AMI

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1 (F) Market-rate units, which are units not subject to any deed or regulatory agreement with price restrictions; 2 (G) Housing units withdrawn from protected status, including units withdrawn 3 from rent control (except those units otherwise converted into permanently affordable housing). 4 5 including all unus that have been subject to rent control under the Son Francisco Residential Rent 6 Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance but that a property owner removes permanently from the 7 rental market through condominium conversion pursuant to Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(9), demolition or alterations fincluding dwelling unit mergers), or permanent removal pursuant to 8 9 Administrative Code Section 37,9(a)(10) or removal pursuant to the Ellis Act under Administrative 10 Code Section 37,9(a)(13); (H) Public housing replacement units and substantially rehabilitated units 11 through the HOPESF and Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) programs, as well as other 12 13 substantial rehabilitation programs managed by MOHCD. (4) The Housing Balance shall be expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the 14 cumulative total of extremely low, very low, low and moderate income affordable housing units (all 15 16 units 0-120% AMI) minus the lost protected units, by the total number of net new housing units within the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance shall also provide two calculations: 17 (A) the Cumulative Housing Balance, consisting of housing units that have 18 19 already been constructed (and received a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy or other certificate that would allow occupancy of the units) within the 10-year Housing Balance Period, plus those units that 20 21 have obtained a site or building permit. A separate calculation of the Cumulative Housing Balance shall also be provided, which includes HOPE SF and RAD public housing replacement and 22 substantially rehabilitated units (but not including general rehabilitation / maintenance of public 23 24 housing or other affordable housing units) that have received Temporary Certificates of Occupancy 25 Supervisor Kim BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 7

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1 within the Housing Balance Period. The Housing Balance Reports will show the Cumulative Housing Balance with and without public housing included in the calculation, and 2 (B) the Projected Housing Balance, which shall include any residential project 3 that has received approval from the Planning Commission or Planning Department, even if the 4 housing project has not yet obtained a site or building permit to commence construction (except any 5 6 entitlements that have expired and not been renewed during the Housing Balance period). Master 7 planned entitlements shall not be included in the calculation until individual building entitlements or 8 site permits are approved. 9 (d) Bi-annual Housing Balance Reports. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Section 103By June 1, 2015, the Planning Department shall calculate the Cumulative and Projected 10 Housing Balance for the most recent two quarters City-wide, by Supervisorial District, Plan Area, and 11 12 by neighborhood Planning Districts, as defined in the annual Housing Inventory, and publish it as an 13 easily visible and accessible page devoted to Housing Balance and Monitoring and Reporting on the 14 Planning Department's website. By August September 1st and February March 1st of each year, the Planning Department shall publish and update the Housing Balance Report, and present this report at 15 an informational hearing to the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors, as well as to any 16 17 relevant body with geographic purview over a plan area upon request, along with the other quarterly reporting requirements of Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4. The annual report to the Board of 18 19 Supervisors shall be accepted by resolution of the Board, which resolution shall be introduced by the Planning Department. The Housing Balance Report shall also be incorporated into the 20 Annual Planning Commission Housing Hearing and Annual Report to the Board of Supervisors 21 22 required in Administrative Code Chapter 10E.4. 23 (e) Annual Hearing by Board of Supervisors. (1) The Board of Supervisors shall hold a public Housing Balance hearing on an annual 24 25 basis by April 1 of each year, to consider progress towards the City's affordable housing goals.

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including the goal of a minimum 33% affordable housing to low and moderate income households, as well as the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals by income category. The first hearing shall occur no later than 30 days after the effective date of this ordinance, and by April 1 of each year thereafter.

(2) The hearing shall include reporting by the Planning Department, which shall present the latest Housing Balance Report City-wide and by Supervisorial District and Planning District; the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development, the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development, the Rent Stabilization Board, by the Department of Building Inspection, and the City Economist on strategies for achieving and maintaining a housing balance in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals. If the Cumulative Housing Balance has fallen below 33% in any year, MOHCD shall determine how much funding is required to bring the City into a minimum 33% Housing Balance and the Mayor shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a strategy to accomplish the minimum of 33% Housing Balance. City Departments shall at minimum report on the fallowing issues relevant to the annual Housing Balance hearing. MOHCD shall report on the annual and projected progress by income category in accordance with the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals, projected shortfalls and gaps in funding and site control, and progress toward the City's Neighborhood Stabilization goals for acquiring and preserving the offordability of existing rental units in neighborhoods with high concentrations of low and moderate income households or historically high levels of evictions; the Planning Department shall report on current and proposed zoning and land use policies that affect the City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals; the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development shall report on current and proposed major development projects, dedicated public sites, and policies that affect the

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	City's General Plan Housing Element housing production goals: the Rent Hoard shall report on the
	withdrawal or addition of rent-controlled units and current or proposed policies that affect these
	numbers; the Department of Building Inspection shall report on the withdrawal or addition of
	Residential Hotel units and current or proposed policies that affect these numbers; and the City
	Economist shall report on annual and projected job growth by the income categories specified in the
	City's General Plan Housing Element
	(3) All reports and presentation materials from the annual Housing Balance hearing
	shall be maintained by year for public access on the Planning Department's website on its page
	devoted to Housing Balance Monitoring and Reporting.
١	Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
ŀ	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
١	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
ı	
	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
	By:
	MARLENA BYRNE Deputy City Attorney
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# City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Han 1 Dr. Carton B. Goodless Place Sun Prontinco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number: 150029

Date Passed: April 21, 2015

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to require the Planning Department to monitor the balance between new market rate housing and new affordable housing, and publish a bi-annual Housing Balance Report; requiring an annual hearing at the Board of Supervisors on strategies for achieving and maintaining the required housing balance in accordance with San Francisco's housing production goals, and making environmental findings, Planning Code, Section 302, findings, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

April 06, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

April 05, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED

April 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - PASSED, ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang, Wiener and Yes

April 21, 2015 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang. Wiener and Yee

File No. 150029

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 4/21/2015 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

City and County of San Francisco

Printed of 1943 pm on 1/22/15

# APPENDIX B CUMULATIVE HOUSING BALANCE REPORT No 10 TABLES BY PLANNING DISTRICTS

Table 1A
Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Planning District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Cumulative Housing Balance
Bernal Heights	5	8	191	71	181	-70.6%
Buena Vista	314	285	197	1,228	1,218	16.4%
Central	42	10	326	393	368	-36.0%
Downtown	1,336	621	120	5,809	3,864	19.0%
Ingleside	135	295	200	585	5,834	3.6%
Inner Sunset	51	-	182	168	99	-49.1%
Marina	36	18	167	446	218	-17.0%
Mission	1,081	643	606	3,823	2,512	17.6%
Northeast	424	220	314	1,062	894	16.9%
Outer Sunset	37	15	474	180	370	-76.7%
Presidio	-	ı	ı	ı	1	0.0%
Richmond	97	23	537	387	682	-39.0%
South Bayshore	1,300	3,116	112	1,708	14,130	27.2%
South Central	269	493	461	489	1,466	15.4%
South of Market	2,849	3,502	132	16,595	16,333	18.9%
Treasure Island	-	_	-	-	_	N/A
Western Addition	496	42	181	1,955	401	15.2%
Totals	8,472	9,291	4,200	34,899	48,571	16.2%

<sup>\*</sup>Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 1B Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance Calculation, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Planning District	Net New Affordable Housing Built	Acquisitions, Rehabs & Small Sites Completed	RAD & Hope SF Replacement Units	Total Entitled & Permitted Affordable Units	Units Removed from Protected Status	Total Net New Units Built	Total Entitled & Permitted Units	Expanded Cumulative Housing Balance
Bernal Heights	5	58	268	8	191	71	181	58.7%
Buena Vista	314	22	132	285	197	1,228	1,218	22.7%
Central	42	12	107	10	326	393	368	-20.4%
Downtown	1,336	1,312	284	621	120	5,809	3,864	35.5%
Ingleside	135	-	-	295	200	585	5,834	3.6%
Inner Sunset	51	-	109	-	182	168	99	-8.2%
Marina	36	25	138	18	167	446	218	7.5%
Mission	1,081	522	91	643	606	3,823	2,512	27.3%
Northeast	424	100	576	220	314	1,062	894	51.4%
Outer Sunset	37	-	-	15	474	180	370	-76.7%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.0%
Richmond	97	10	144	23	537	387	682	-24.6%
South Bayshore	1,300	1	1,131	3,116	112	1,708	14,130	34.3%
South Central	269	42	55	493	461	489	1,466	20.4%
South of Market	2,849	54	276	3,502	132	16,595	16,333	19.9%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	496	211	919	42	181	1,955	401	63.1%
Totals	8,472	2,368	4,230	9,291	4,200	34,899	48,571	24.2%

<sup>\*</sup>Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 2
Projected Housing Balance (Entitled, Permitted, and Under Construction Units), 2021 Q4

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	-	8	8	181	4.4%
Buena Vista	101	47	14	123	285	1,218	23.4%
Central	-	-	-	10	10	368	2.7%
Downtown	331	202	7	81	621	3,864	16.1%
Ingleside	-	-	-	295	295	5,834	5.1%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	ı	99	0.0%
Marina	-	6	6	6	18	218	8.3%
Mission	89	285	18	251	643	2,512	25.6%
Northeast	54	84	15	67	220	894	24.6%
Outer Sunset	33	62	51	(131)	15	370	4.1%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.0%
Richmond	-	22	-	1	23	682	3.4%
South Bayshore	97	20	72	2,927	3,116	14,130	22.1%
South Central	289	130	86	(12)	493	1,466	33.6%
South of Market	107	308	306	2,781	3,502	16,333	21.4%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	7	18	-	17	42	401	10.5%
Totals	1,108	1,184	575	6,424	9,291	48,571	19.1%

<sup>\*</sup>Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 3
Building Permits Approved or Under Construction, 2021 Q4

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	-	-	-	65	0.0%
Buena Vista	32	51	14	-	97	356	27.2%
Central	-	-	-	5	5	154	3.2%
Downtown	351	390	43	(139)	645	3,000	21.5%
Ingleside	-	-	-	-	-	1,062	0.0%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	ı	40	0.0%
Marina	-	-	-	-	1	93	0.0%
Mission	89	267	16	297	669	2,002	33.4%
Northeast	54	107	15	62	238	417	57.1%
Outer Sunset	33	62	51	(134)	12	242	5.0%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	ı	1	0.0%
Richmond	-	22	-	1	23	316	7.3%
South Bayshore	97	20	-	1	118	1,023	11.5%
South Central	163	81	86	(19)	311	552	56.3%
South of Market	145	339	278	997	1,759	3,755	46.8%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	-	26	-	13	39	216	18.1%
Totals	964	1,365	503	1,084	3,916	13,294	29.5%

<sup>\*</sup>Treasure Island developments permitted are included as part of Planning District 9 South of Market.

Table 4
Entitled Units without a Building Permit Issued, 2021 Q4

Planning District	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	TBD	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	-	8	8	116	6.9%
Buena Vista	69	-	-	123	192	862	22.3%
Central	-	-	-	5	5	214	2.3%
Downtown	-	1	-	19	20	863	2.3%
Ingleside	-	-	-	295	295	4,772	6.2%
Inner Sunset	-	-	-	-	1	59	0.0%
Marina	-	6	6	6	18	124	14.5%
Mission	-	76	2	(46)	32	510	6.3%
Northeast	-	-	-	5	5	477	1.0%
Outer Sunset	-	-	-	3	3	128	2.3%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	1	ı	N/A
Richmond	-	-	-	-	ı	366	0.0%
South Bayshore	-	-	72	2,926	2,998	13,107	22.9%
South Central	126	49	-	7	182	914	19.9%
South of Market	107	101	133	1,784	2,125	12,578	16.9%
Treasure Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	7	12	-	4	23	185	12.4%
Totals	309	245	213	5,139	5,906	35,275	16.7%

Table 5
New Housing Production by Affordability, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Planning District	Extr. Low Income	Very Low Income	Low Income	Moderate Income	Middle Income	Total Affordable Units	Net New Units	Total Affordable Units as % of Net New Units
Bernal Heights	-	-	-	5	-	5	71	7%
Buena Vista	-	134	85	95	-	314	1,228	26%
Central	-	-	18	24	-	42	393	11%
Downtown	268	288	456	277	47	1,336	5,809	23%
Ingleside	-	70	29	36	-	135	585	23%
Inner Sunset	-	1	2	48	-	51	168	30%
Marina	-	-	-	36	-	36	446	8%
Mission	116	315	554	96	-	1,081	3,823	28%
Northeast	18	247	81	78	-	424	1,062	40%
Outer Sunset	-	2	2	33	-	37	180	21%
Presidio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Richmond	-	37	12	48	-	97	387	25%
South Bayshore	67	854	288	91	-	1,300	1,708	76%
South Central	-	173	48	48	-	269	489	55%
South of Market	29	1,059	1,351	410	-	2,849	16,595	17%
Treasure Island	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	N/A
Western Addition	-	197	159	140	-	496	1,955	25%
Totals	498	3,377	3,085	1,465	47	8,472	34,899	24.3%

Table 6A
Acquisitions and Rehabilitation of
Affordable Housing, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	7	29
Buena Vista	3	17
Central	1	6
Downtown	16	1,282
Ingleside	-	ı
Inner Sunset	-	ı
Marina	1	25
Mission	24	403
Northeast	4	94
Outer Sunset	-	ı
Presidio	ı	ı
Richmond	2	5
South Bayshore	-	ı
South Central	1	21
South of Market	2	27
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	3	208
Totals	64	2,117

Table 6B
Small Sites Program Acquisitions, 2014—2021 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	7	29
Buena Vista	2	5
Central	1	6
Downtown	3	30
Ingleside	-	-
Inner Sunset	-	-
Marina	-	-
Mission	16	119
Northeast	2	6
Outer Sunset	-	-
Presidio	-	-
Richmond	2	5
South Bayshore	-	-
South Central	1	21
South of Market	2	27
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	2	3
Totals	38	251

Table 7
RAD Affordable Units, 2015-2021 Q4

Planning District	No. of Buildings	No. of Units
Bernal Heights	2	268
Buena Vista	2	132
Central	1	107
Downtown	3	284
Ingleside	-	-
Inner Sunset	1	109
Marina	2	138
Mission	1	91
Northeast	4	576
Outer Sunset	-	-
Presidio	-	-
Richmond	2	144
South Bayshore	3	1,131
South Central	1	55
South of Market	1	276
Treasure Island	-	-
Western Addition	7	919
Totals	30	4,230

Table 8
Units Removed from Protected Status, 2012 Q1—2021 Q4

					Units Removed
Planning District	Condo Conversion	Demolition	Ellis Act	Owner Move-In	from Protected
					Status
Bernal Heights	6	18	58	109	191
Buena Vista	5	3	73	116	197
Central	25	14	84	203	326
Downtown	-	68	48	4	120
Ingleside	-	35	35	130	200
Inner Sunset	5	12	66	99	182
Marina	11	4	38	114	167
Mission	4	30	319	253	606
Northeast	12	8	162	132	314
Outer Sunset	-	69	91	314	474
Presidio	-	-	ı	ı	ı
Richmond	5	24	162	346	537
South Bayshore	-	11	15	86	112
South Central	-	55	71	335	461
South of Market	2	28	37	65	132
Treasure Island	-	<u>-</u>	-		
Western Addition	8	7	33	133	181
Totals	83	386	1,292	2,439	4,200